

24AA128/24LC128/24FC128

128-Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Maximum Clock Frequency	Temperature Ranges	Available Packages
24AA128	1.7V-5.5V	400 kHz ⁽¹⁾	I	MF, MS, P, SN, SM, MNY, ST
24LC128	2.5V-5.5V	400 kHz	I, E	MF, MS, P, SN, SM, MNY, ST
24FC128	1.7V-5.5V	1 MHz ⁽²⁾	I	MF, MS, P, SN, SM, MNY, ST

Note 1: 100 kHz for Vcc < 2.5V.

Features

- Single Supply with Operation down to 1.7V for 24AA128/24FC128 devices, 2.5V for 24LC128 Devices
- Low-Power CMOS Technology:
 - Write current 3 mA, maximum
 - Standby current 1 µA, maximum (I-temp.)
- Two-Wire Serial Interface, I²C Compatible
- · Cascadable up to Eight Devices
- · Schmitt Trigger Inputs for Noise Suppression
- Output Slope Control to Eliminate Ground Bounce
- 100 kHz, 400 kHz and 1 MHz Compatibility
- Page Write Time: 5 ms, Maximum
- Self-Timed Erase/Write Cycle
- 64-Byte Page Write Buffer
- Hardware Write-Protect
- ESD Protection > 4,000V
- More than 1 Million Erase/Write Cycles
- Data Retention > 200 years
- Factory Programming Available
- RoHS Compliant
- Temperature Ranges:
 - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
 - Extended (E) -40°C to +125°C
- Automotive AEC-Q100 Qualified

Packages

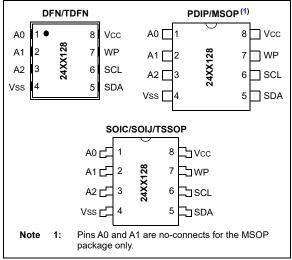
 8-Lead DFN, 8-Lead MSOP, 8-Lead PDIP, 8-Lead SOIC, 8-Lead SOIJ, 8-Lead TDFN and 8-Lead TSSOP

Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. 24XX128⁽¹⁾ is a 16K x 8 (128 Kbit) Serial Electrically Erasable PROM (EEPROM), capable of operation across a broad voltage range (1.7V to 5.5V). It has been developed for advanced, low-power applications such as personal communications or data acquisition. This device also has a page write capability of up to 64 bytes of data. This device is capable of both random and sequential reads up to the 128K boundary. Functional address lines allow up to eight devices on the same bus, for up to 1 Mbit address space.

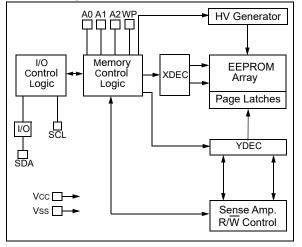
Note 1: 24XX128 is used in this document as a generic part number for the 24AA128/24LC128/24FC128 devices.

Package Types



^{2: 400} kHz for Vcc < 2.5V.

Block Diagram



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

Vcc	6.5V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. Vss	0.6V to Vcc +1.0V
Storage temperature	65°C to +150°C
Ambient temperature with power applied	40°C to +125°C
ESD protection on all pins	≥4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHA	ARACTERI	STICS	Industrial (Extended (,		5.5V TA = -40°C to +85°C 5.5V TA = -40°C to +125°C
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Conditions
D1	Vih	High-Level Input Voltage	0.7 Vcc	_	V	
D2	VIL	Low Lovel Input Veltage	_	0.3 Vcc	V	$Vcc \ge 2.5V$
DZ	VIL	Low-Level Input Voltage	_	0.2 Vcc	V	Vcc < 2.5V
D3	VHYS	Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger Inputs (SDA, SCL pins)	0.05 Vcc	_	V	Vcc ≥ 2.5V (Note 1)
D4	Vol	Low-Level Output Voltage	_	0.40	V	IOL = 3.0 mA @ Vcc = 4.5V IOL = 2.1 mA @ Vcc = 2.5V
D5	ILI	Input Leakage Current	_	±1	μA	VIN = Vss or Vcc, WP = Vss VIN = Vss or Vcc, WP = Vcc
D6	Ilo	Output Leakage Current	—	±1	μA	VOUT = VSS or VCC
D7	Cin, Cout	Pin Capacitance (all inputs/outputs)	—	10	pF	Vcc = 5.0V (Note 1) Ta = +25°C, FcLk = 1 MHz
D8	ICC Read	Operating Current	_	400	μA	Vcc = 5.5V, SCL = 400 kHz
D9	ICC Write	Operating Current	—	3	mA	Vcc = 5.5V
D10		Standby Current	_	1	μA	SDA = SCL = Vcc = 5.5V A0, A1, A2, WP = Vss, I-Temp
010	Iccs	Standby Current	_	5	μA	SDA = SCL = Vcc = 5.5V A0, A1, A2, WP = Vss, E-Temp

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHA	RACTER	ISTICS	Industrial Extended	• /		to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +85°C to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +125°C
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Conditions
			_	100	kHz	$1.7V \leq Vcc < 2.5V$
4	Four		_	400	kHz	$2.5V \le Vcc \le 5.5V$
1 FCLK	Clock Frequency	_	400	kHz	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V (24FC128)	
				1000	kHz	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128)
			4000	_	ns	$1.7V \leq Vcc < 2.5V$
2	Тнідн	Clock High Time	600		ns	$2.5V \le Vcc \le 5.5V$
2 Thigh	Clock High Time	600		ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V (24FC128)	
			500	_	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128)
			4700		ns	$1.7V \leq Vcc < 2.5V$
0	TLOW		1300	_	ns	$2.5V \le Vcc \le 5.5V$
3 TLOW C	Clock Low Time	1300	_	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V (24FC128)	
			500		ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128)
			—	1000	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V (Note 1)
4 TR	SDA and SCL Rise Time	_	300	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (Note 1)	
	SDA and SOL Mise Time	_	300	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128) (Note 1)	
			_	300	ns	All except, 24FC128 (Note 1)
5	TF	SDA and SCL Fall Time	_	100	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128) (Note 1)
			4000		ns	$1.7V \leq VCC < 2.5V$
6 Thd:sta	Start Condition Hold Time	600		ns	$2.5V \le Vcc \le 5.5V$	
		600	_	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V (24FC128)	
			250	_	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128)
			4700	_	ns	$1.7V \leq Vcc < 2.5V$
7	TOLIOTA	Start Condition Satur Time	600	_	ns	$2.5V \leq VCC \leq 5.5V$
7	TSU:STA	Start Condition Setup Time	600	_	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V (24FC128)
			250	_	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128)
8	THD:DAT	Data Input Hold Time	0	_	ns	Note 2
			250		ns	$1.7V \leq Vcc < 2.5V$
9	TSU:DAT	Data Input Setup Time	100		ns	$2.5V \le Vcc \le 5.5V$
			100	_	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128)
			4000	—	ns	$1.7V \leq VCC < 2.5V$
10	Tourote	Ston Condition Satir Times	600	_	ns	$2.5V \le Vcc \le 5.5V$
10	Tsu:sto	Stop Condition Setup Time	600		ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V (24FC128)
			250	_	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128)

Note 1: Not 100% tested. CB = total capacitance of one bus line in pF.

2: As a transmitter, the device must provide an internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (minimum 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of Start or Stop conditions.

3: The combined TSP and VHYS specifications are due to new Schmitt Trigger inputs, which provide improved noise spike suppression. This eliminates the need for a TI specification for standard operation.

4: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization.

AC CHA	ARACTER	ISTICS	Industrial Extended	• •		to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +85°C to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +125°C	
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Conditions	
			4000		ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V	
11 Tsu:wp		WP Setup Time	600		ns	$2.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	
			600	_	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128)	
			4700	_	ns	$1.7V \leq VCC < 2.5V$	
12	THD:WP	WP Hold Time	1300	_	ns	$2.5V \leq VCC \leq 5.5V$	
			1300		ns	$1.7V \leq VCC \leq 5.5V$ (24FC128)	
13 Taa		_	3500	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (Note 2)		
	Output Valid From Clock	—	900	ns	$2.5V \le VCC \le 5.5V$ (Note 2)		
		_	900	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V (24FC128) (Note 2)		
		_	400	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128) (Note 2)		
			4700	_	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V	
4.4	Tour	Bus Free Time: The Time The Bus Must Be Free Before a	1300		ns	$2.5V \le VCC \le 5.5V$	
14 TBUF	New Transmission Can Start	1300	_	ns	1.7V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V (24FC128)		
			500	_	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V (24FC128)	
15	TOF	Output Fall Time from Vıн Minimum to Vı∟ Maximum	10 + 0.1Св	250	ns	All except, 24FC128 (Note 1)	
		$C_B \le 100 \ pF$		250	ns	24FC128 (Note 1)	
16	TSP	Input Filter Spike Suppression (SDA and SCL pins)	—	50	ns	All except, 24FC128 (Notes 1 and Note 3)	
17	Twc	Write Cycle Time (byte or page)	_	5	ms		
18		Endurance	1,000,000		cycles	+25°C, 5.5V, Page Mode (Note	

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

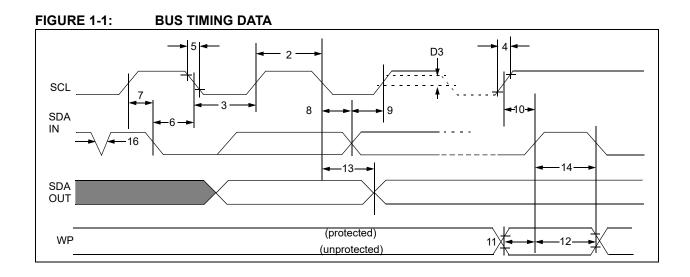
Note 1: Not 100% tested. CB = total capacitance of one bus line in pF.

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3: The combined TSP and VHYS specifications are due to new Schmitt Trigger inputs, which provide improved noise spike suppression. This eliminates the need for a TI specification for standard operation.

4: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization.

24AA128/24LC128/24FC128



2.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 2-1.

Name	DFN ⁽¹⁾	MSOP	PDIP	SOIC	SOIJ	TDFN ⁽¹⁾	TSSOP	Function	
A0	1	_	1	1	1	1	1	User Configurable Chip Select	
A1	2	_	2	2	2	2	2	User Configurable Chip Select	
A2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	User Configurable Chip Select	
Vss	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	Ground	
SDA	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	Serial Address/Data I/O	
SCL	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	Serial Clock	
WP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	Write-Protect Input	
Vcc	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	Power Supply	

TABLE 2-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Note 1: The exposed pad on the DFN/TDFN package can be connected to Vss or left floating.

2.1 A0, A1, A2 Chip Address Inputs

The A0, A1 and A2 inputs are used by the 24XX128 for multiple device operations. The levels on these inputs are compared with the corresponding bits in the client address. The chip is selected if the compare is true.

Note: For the MSOP package only, pins A0 and A1 are not connected.

Up to eight devices (two for the MSOP package) may be connected to the same bus by using different Chip Select bit combinations. These inputs must be connected to either VCC or VSS.

In most applications, the chip address inputs A0, A1 and A2 are hardwired to logic '0' or logic '1'. For applications in which these pins are controlled by a microcontroller or other programmable device, the chip address pins must be driven to logic '0' or logic '1' before normal device operation can proceed.

2.2 Serial Data (SDA)

This is a bidirectional pin used to transfer addresses and data into and out of the device. It is an open-drain terminal. Therefore, the SDA bus requires a pull-up resistor to Vcc (typical 10 k Ω for 100 kHz, 2 k Ω for 400 kHz and 1 MHz).

For normal data transfer, SDA is allowed to change only during SCL low. Changes during SCL high are reserved for indicating the Start and Stop conditions.

2.3 Serial Clock (SCL)

This input is used to synchronize the data transfer to and from the device.

2.4 Write-Protect (WP)

This pin must be connected to either Vss or Vcc. If tied to Vss, write operations are enabled. If tied to Vcc, write operations are inhibited but read operations are not affected.

3.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The 24XX128 supports a bidirectional two-wire bus and data transmission protocol. A device that sends data onto the bus is defined as a transmitter and a device receiving data as a receiver. The bus must be controlled by a host device which generates the Serial Clock (SCL), controls the bus access and generates the Start and Stop conditions while the 24XX128 works as a client. Both host and client can operate as a transmitter or receiver, but the host device determines which mode is activated.

4.0 BUS CHARACTERISTICS

The following **bus protocol** has been defined:

- Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy.
- During data transfer, the data line must remain stable whenever the clock line is high. Changes in the data line while the clock line is high will be interpreted as a Start or Stop condition.

Accordingly, the following bus conditions have been defined (Figure 4-1).

4.1 Bus Not Busy (A)

Both data and clock lines remain high.

4.2 Start Data Transfer (B)

A high-to-low transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Start condition. All commands must be preceded by a Start condition.

4.3 Stop Data Transfer (C)

A low-to-high transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Stop condition. All operations must end with a Stop condition.

4.4 Data Valid (D)

The state of the data line represents valid data when, after a Start condition, the data line is stable for the duration of the high period of the clock signal.

The data on the line must be changed during the low period of the clock signal. There is one bit of data per clock pulse.

Each data transfer is initiated with a Start condition and terminated with a Stop condition. The number of the data bytes transferred between the Start and Stop conditions is determined by the host device and is, theoretically, unlimited (although only the last 64 will be stored when doing a write operation). When an overwrite does occur, it will replace data in a First-In First-Out (FIFO) principle.

4.5 Acknowledge

Each receiving device, when addressed, is obliged to generate an Acknowledge signal after the reception of each byte. The host device must generate an extra clock pulse, which is associated with this Acknowledge bit.

Note: The 24XX128 does not generate any Acknowledge bits if an internal programming cycle is in progress.

A device that acknowledges must pull down the SDA line during the Acknowledge clock pulse in such a way that the SDA line is stable-low during the high period of the Acknowledge-related clock pulse. Moreover, setup and hold times must be taken into account. During reads, a host must signal an end of data to the client by not generating an Acknowledge bit on the last byte that has been clocked out of the client. In this case, the client (24XX128) will leave the data line high to enable the host to generate the Stop condition.

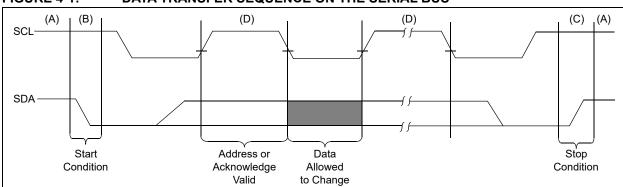
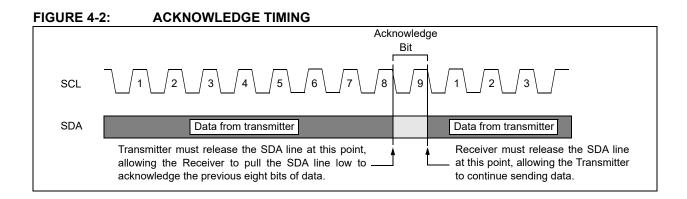


FIGURE 4-1: DATA TRANSFER SEQUENCE ON THE SERIAL BUS



5.0 DEVICE ADDRESSING

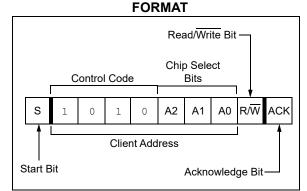
A control byte is the first byte received following the Start condition from the host device. The control byte consists of a 4-bit control code. For the 24XX128, this is set as '1010' binary for read and write operations. The next three bits of the control byte are the Chip Select bits (A2, A1, A0). The Chip Select bits allow the use of up to eight 24XX128 devices on the same bus and are used to select which device is accessed. The Chip Select bits in the control byte must correspond to the logic levels on the corresponding A2, A1 and A0 pins for the device to respond. These bits, in effect, are the three Most Significant bits of the word address. The combination of the 4-bit control code and the next three bits are called the client address.

For the MSOP package, the A0 and A1 pins are not connected. During device addressing, the A0 and A1 Chip Select bits (Figure 5-1 and Figure 5-2) should be set to '0'. Only two 24XX128 MSOP packages can be connected to the same bus.

The last bit of the control byte is the Read/Write (R/W) bit and it defines the operation to be performed. When set to a '1', a read operation is selected. When set to a '0', a write operation is selected. The next two bytes received define the address of the first data byte (Figure 5-2). Because only A13...A0 are used, the upper two address bits are "don't care" bits. The upper address bits are transferred first, followed by the Less Significant bits.

Following the Start condition, the 24XX128 monitors the SDA bus checking the device type identifier being transmitted. Upon receiving a '1010' code and appropriate device select bits, the client device outputs an Acknowledge signal on the SDA line. Depending on the state of the R/\overline{W} bit, the 24XX128 will select a read or write operation.

FIGURE 5-1: CONTROL BYTE

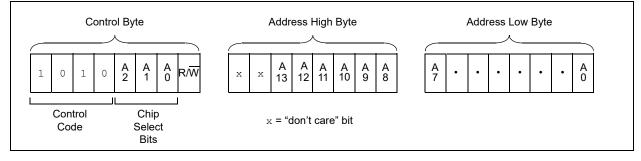


5.1 Contiguous Addressing Across Multiple Devices

The Chip Select bits A2, A1 and A0 can be used to expand the contiguous address space for up to 1 Mbit by adding up to eight 24XX128 devices on the same bus. In this case, software can use A0 of the control byte as address bit A14; A1 as address bit A15; and A2 as address bit A16. It is not possible to sequentially read across device boundaries.

For the MSOP package, up to two 24XX128 devices can be added for up to 256 Kbit of address space. In this case, software can use A2 of the control byte as address bit A16. Bits A0 (A14) and A1 (A15) of the control byte must always be set to logic '0' for the MSOP.

FIGURE 5-2: ADDRESS SEQUENCE BIT ASSIGNMENTS



6.0 WRITE OPERATIONS

6.1 **Byte Write**

Following the Start condition from the host, the control code (4 bits), the Chip Select (3 bits) and the R/W bit (which is a logic low) are clocked onto the bus by the host transmitter. This indicates to the addressed client receiver that the address high byte will follow after it has generated an Acknowledge bit during the ninth clock cycle. Therefore, the next byte transmitted by the host is the high-order byte of the word address and will be written into the Address Pointer of the 24XX128. The next byte is the Least Significant Address Byte. After receiving another Acknowledge signal from the 24XX128, the host device will transmit the data word to be written into the addressed memory location. The 24XX128 acknowledges again and the host generates a Stop condition. This initiates the internal write cycle and during this time, the 24XX128 will not generate Acknowledge signals (Figure 6-1). If an attempt is made to write to the array with the WP pin held high, the device will acknowledge the command, but no write cycle will occur, no data will be written and the device will immediately accept a new command. After a byte write command, the internal address counter will point to the address location following the one that was just written.

Note: When doing a write of less than 64 bytes, the data in the rest of the page are refreshed along with the data bytes being written. This will force the entire page to endure a write cycle, for this reason endurance is specified per page.

6.2 Page Write

The write control byte, word address and the first data byte are transmitted to the 24XX128 in much the same way as in a byte write. The exception is that instead of generating a Stop condition, the host transmits up to 63 additional bytes, which are temporarily stored in the on-chip page buffer and will be written into memory

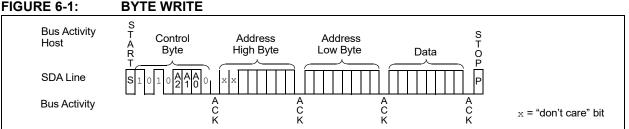
FIGURE 6-1:

once the host has transmitted a Stop condition. Upon receipt of each word, the six lower Address Pointer bits, which form the byte counter, are internally incremented by one. If the host should transmit more than 64 bytes prior to generating the Stop condition, the address counter will roll over and the previously received data will be overwritten. As with the byte write operation, once the Stop condition is received, an internal write cycle will begin (Figure 6-1). If an attempt is made to write to the array with the WP pin held high, the device will acknowledge the command, but no write cycle will occur, no data will be written and the device will immediately accept a new command.

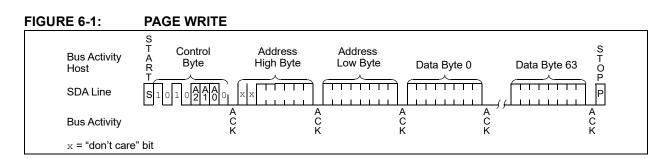
Note: Page write operations are limited to writing bytes within a single physical page, regardless of the number of bytes actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page size') and end at addresses that are integer multiples of page size - 1. If a page write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wrap around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page, as might be expected. It is, therefore, necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

6.3 Write Protection

The WP pin allows the user to write-protect the entire array (0000-3FFF) when the pin is tied to Vcc. If tied to Vss the write protection is disabled. The WP pin is sampled at the Stop bit for every write command (Figure 1-1). Toggling the WP pin after the Stop bit will have no effect on the execution of the write cycle.



24AA128/24LC128/24FC128

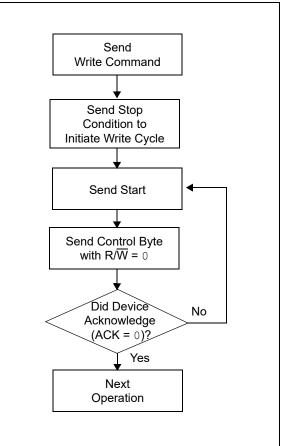


7.0 ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING

Since the device will not acknowledge during a write cycle, this can be used to determine when the cycle is complete (this feature can be used to maximize bus throughput). Once the Stop condition for a write command has been issued from the host, the device initiates the internally timed write cycle. ACK polling can be initiated immediately. This involves the host sending a Start condition, followed by the control byte for a write command (R/W = 0). If the device is still busy with the write cycle, then no ACK will be returned. If no ACK is returned, the Start bit and control byte must be resent. If the cycle is complete, then the device will return the ACK and the host can then proceed with the next read or write command. See Figure 7-1 for flow diagram.

FIGURE 7-1:

ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING FLOW



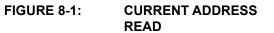
8.0 READ OPERATION

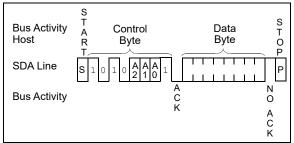
Read operations are initiated in much the same way as write operations with the exception that the R/W bit of the control byte is set to one. There are three basic types of read operations: current address read, random read and sequential read.

8.1 Current Address Read

The 24XX128 contains an address counter that maintains the address of the last word accessed, internally incremented by one. Therefore, if the previous read access was to address n (n is any legal address), the next current address read operation would access data from address n + 1.

Upon receipt of the control byte with R/W bit set to '1', the 24XX128 issues an Acknowledge and transmits the 8-bit data word. The host will not acknowledge the transfer, but does generate a Stop condition and the 24XX128 discontinues transmission (Figure 8-1).





8.2 Random Read

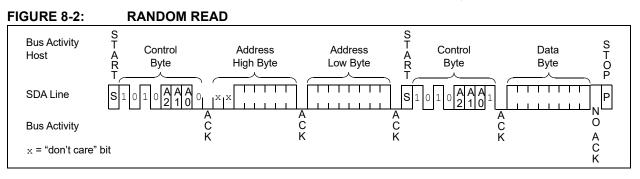
Random read operations allow the host to access any memory location in a random manner. To perform this type of read operation, the word address must first be set. This is done by sending the word address to the 24XX128 as part of a write operation (R/W bit set to '0'). Once the word address is sent, the host generates a Start condition following the Acknowledge. This terminates the write operation, but not before the internal Address Pointer is set. The host then issues the control byte again, but with the R/W bit set to a '1'.

The 24XX128 will then issue an Acknowledge and transmit the 8-bit data word. The host will not acknowledge the transfer but does generate a Stop condition, which causes the 24XX128 to discontinue transmission (Figure 8-2). After a random read command, the internal address counter will point to the address location following the one that was just read.

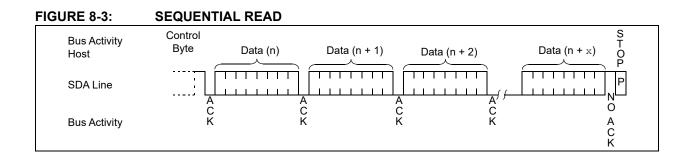
8.3 Sequential Read

Sequential reads are initiated in the same way as a random read except that after the 24XX128 transmits the first data byte, the host issues an Acknowledge (as opposed to the Stop condition used in a random read). This Acknowledge directs the 24XX128 to transmit the next sequentially addressed 8-bit word (Figure 8-3). Following the final byte transmitted to the host, the host will not generate an Acknowledge but will generate a Stop condition.

To provide sequential reads, the 24XX128 contains an internal Address Pointer which is incremented by one at the completion of each operation. This Address Pointer allows the entire memory contents to be serially read during one operation. The internal Address Pointer will automatically roll over from address 3FFF to address 0000 if the host acknowledges the byte received from the array address 3FFF.



24AA128/24LC128/24FC128



9.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

9.1 Package Marking Information

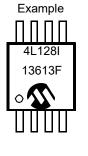
8-Lead DFN-S







8-Lead PDIP (300 mil)

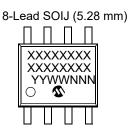


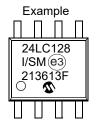
24AA128 I/P (e3) 13F
<u>○</u>

Example
24LC128I SN(e3) 2136
⊖ 🐼 13F

8-L	ead SOIC (3.90 mm)
	ΠΠΠ
Ĩ	XXXXXXXX
	XXXXXXXX XXXXYYWW
Ŀ	

Package Marking Information (Continued)





8-Lead 2x3 TDFN

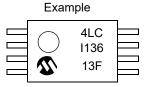


8-Lead TSSOP



Example





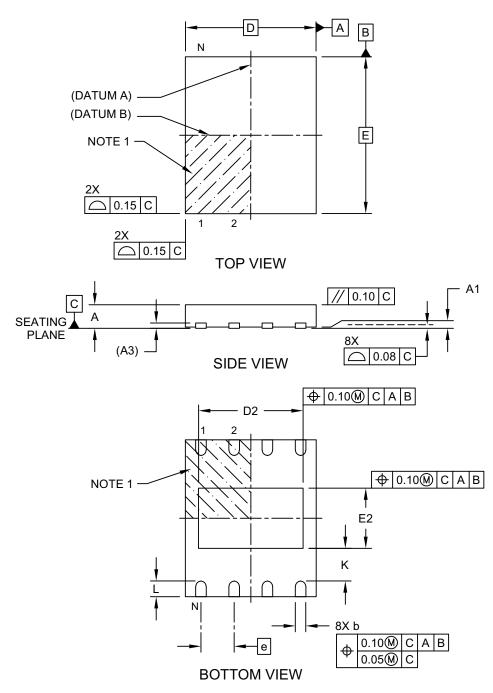
				1 st Line Mark	king Codes			
Part Number	TSSOP	MSOP	SOIC	SOIJ	PDIP	DFN	TD	FN
Fart Nulliber	1330P	MOOP	3010	3013	PDIF	DEN	I-Temp	E-Temp
24AA128	4AC	4A128T ⁽¹⁾	24AA128T ⁽¹⁾	24AA128	24AA128	24AA128	A81	
24LC128	4LC	4L128T ⁽¹⁾	24LC128T ⁽¹⁾	24LC128	24LC128	24LC128	A84	A85
24FC128	4FC	4F128T ⁽¹⁾	24FC128T ⁽¹⁾	24FC128	24FC128	24FC128	A8A	

Note 1: T = Temperature grade (I, E)

Legend	I: XXX	Part number or part number code						
•	T Temperature (I, E)							
	Y Year code (last digit of calendar year)							
	YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)							
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')						
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code (2 characters for small packages)						
	e3	JEDEC [®] designator for Matte Tin (Sn)						
*	 Standard OTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code and traceability code. 							
Note:	Note: For very small packages with no room for the JEDEC [®] designator (e3), the marking will only appear on the outer carton or reel label.							
Note:	In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.							

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MF) - 6x5 mm Body [DFN-S] Saw Singulated

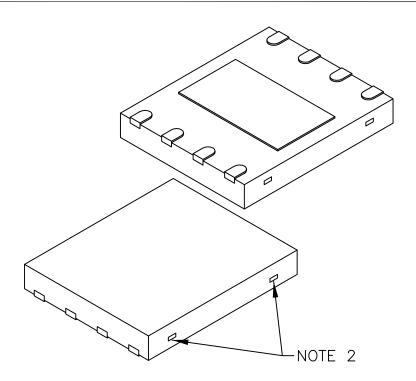
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-122 Rev C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MF) - 6x5 mm Body [DFN-S] Saw Singulated

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	Dimension Limits		NOM	MAX	
Number of Terminals	Ν		8		
Pitch	е		1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	Α	0.80	0.85	1.00	
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	
Terminal Thickness	A3	0.20 REF			
Overall Length	D	5.00 BSC			
Exposed Pad Length	D2	3.90	4.00	4.10	
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Width	E2	2.20	2.30	2.40	
Terminal Width	b	0.30	0.40	0.50	
Terminal Length	L	0.50	0.60	0.75	
Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad	К	0.20	-	-	

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.

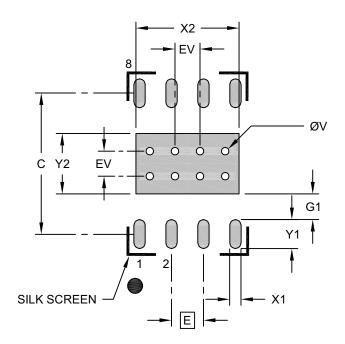
- 2. Package may have one ore more exposed tie bars at ends.
- 3. Package is saw singulated
- 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances. REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-122 Rev C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MF) - 6x5 mm Body [DFN-S] Saw Singulated

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		N	IILLIMETER	S
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	X2			2.40
Optional Center Pad Length	Y2			4.10
Contact Pad Spacing	С		5.60	
Contact Pad Width (X20)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X20)	Y1			1.15
Contact Pad to Center Pad (X20)	G1	0.20		
Thermal Via Diameter	V		0.30	
Thermal Via Pitch	EV		1.00	

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

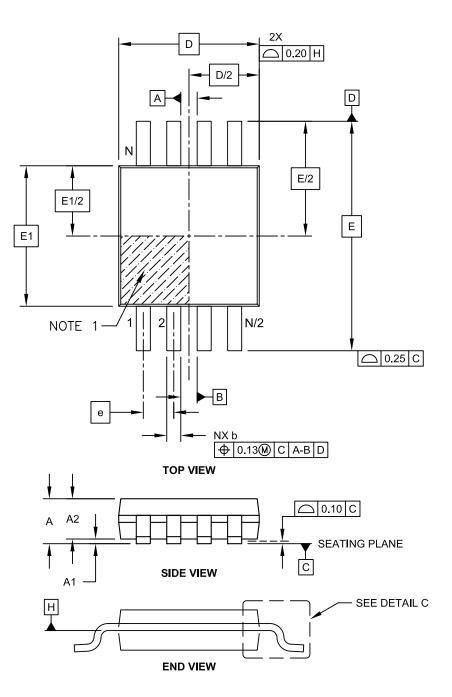
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2122 Rev C

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

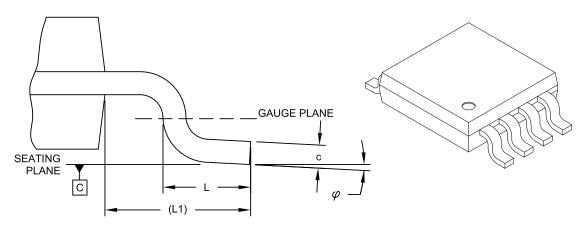
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



DETAIL C

	MILLIMETERS			
Dimensio	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	е		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	0.00	-	0.15
Overall Width	E	4.90 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1		3.00 BSC	
Overall Length	D		3.00 BSC	
Foot Length	L	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint	L1	0.95 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	С	0.08	-	0.23
Lead Width	b	0.22	-	0.40

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.

2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or

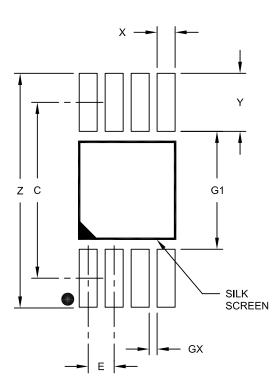
protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.

Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
 REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimensio	Dimension Limits		NOM	MAX	
Contact Pitch	E	E			
Contact Pad Spacing	C		4.40		
Overall Width	Z			5.85	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.45	
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.45	
Distance Between Pads	G1	2.95			
Distance Between Pads	GX	0.20			

Notes:

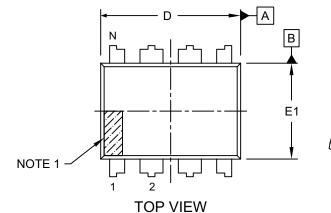
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

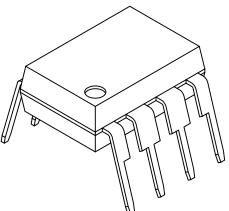
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

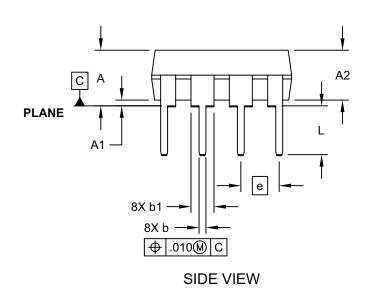
Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2111A

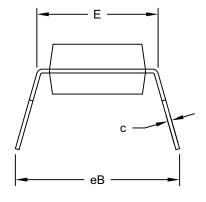
8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) - 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging







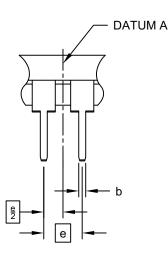


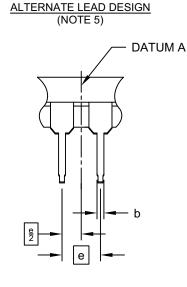
END VIEW

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-018-P Rev E Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) - 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging





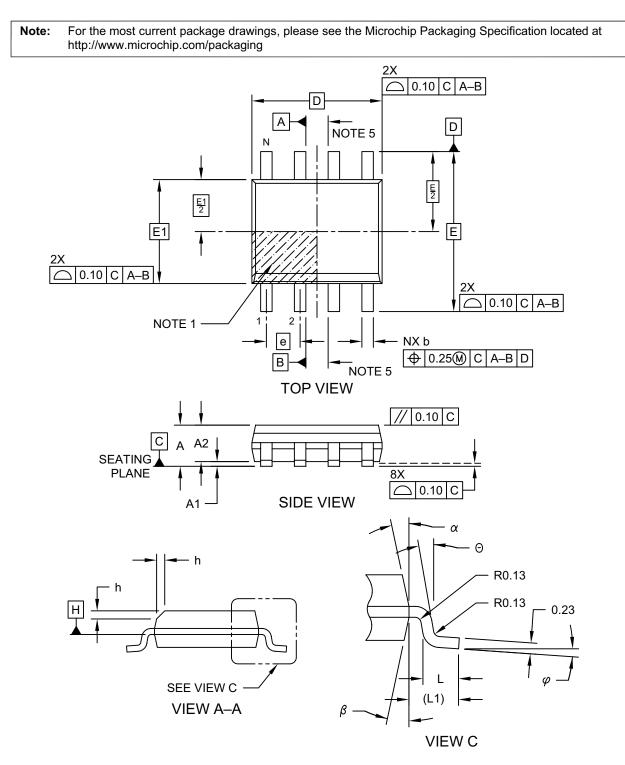
Units		INCHES			
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins	Ν		8		
Pitch	е		.100 BSC		
Top to Seating Plane	Α	-	-	.210	
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195	
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	-	-	
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325	
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280	
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400	
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150	
Lead Thickness	С	.008	.010	.015	
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070	
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022	
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	-	-	.430	

Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. § Significant Characteristic
- 3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
- 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
 - BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
- 5. Lead design above seating plane may vary, based on assembly vendor.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-018-P Rev E Sheet 2 of 2

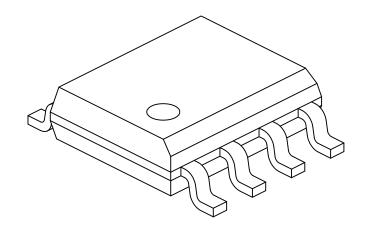
8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057-SN Rev F Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		Ν	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins	Ν		8		
Pitch	е		1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	Α	-	-	1.75	
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	-	-	
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.25	
Overall Width	E	6.00 BSC			
Molded Package Width	E1	3.90 BSC			
Overall Length	D	4.90 BSC			
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.50	
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27	
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°	
Lead Thickness	С	0.17	-	0.25	
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51	
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°	
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°	

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.

2. § Significant Characteristic

3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.

4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

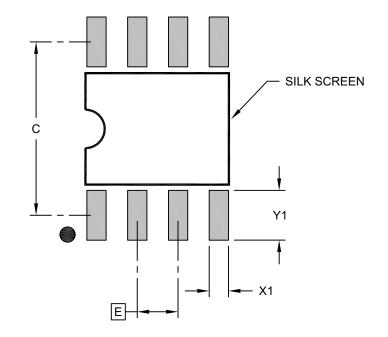
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

5. Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057-SN Rev F Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	С		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

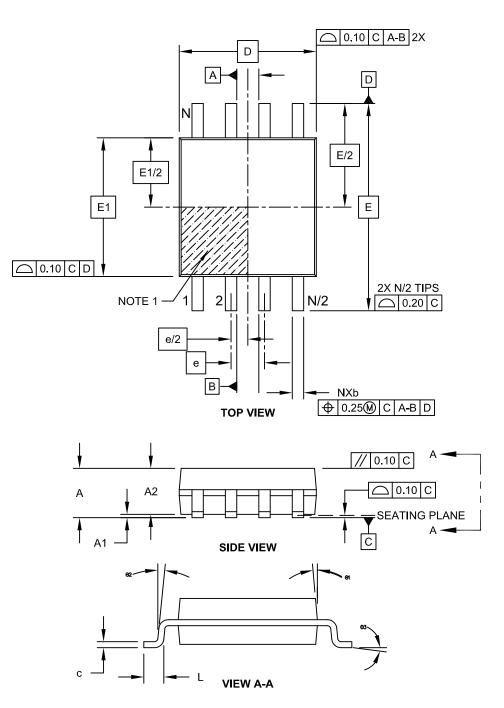
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2057-SN Rev F

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SM) - Medium, 5.28 mm Body [SOIJ]

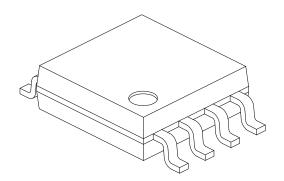
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-056C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SM) - Medium, 5.28 mm Body [SOIJ]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	Ν	ILLIMETER	S	
Dimensio	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins	N		8		
Pitch	е		1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	A	1.77	-	2.03	
Standoff §	A1	0.05		0.25	
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.75	-	1.98	
Overall Width	E	7.94 BSC			
Molded Package Width	E1		5.25 BSC		
Overall Length	D		5.26 BSC		
Foot Length	L	0.51	-	0.76	
Lead Thickness	С	0.15	-	0.25	
Lead Width	b	0.36	-	0.51	
Mold Draft Angle	Θ1	-	-	15°	
Lead Angle	Θ2	0°	-	8°	
Foot Angle	Θ3	0°	-	8°	

Notes:

1. SOIJ, JEITA/EIAJ Standard, Formerly called SOIC

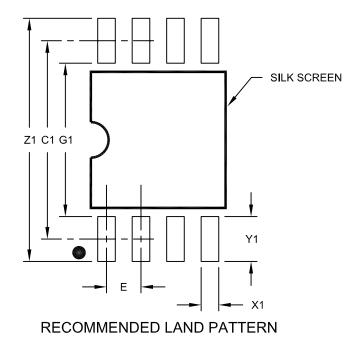
2. § Significant Characteristic

3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-056C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SM) - Medium, 5.28 mm Body [SOIJ]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units		MILLIMETERS			
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX		
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC			
Overall Width	Z1			9.00		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		7.30			
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.65		
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.70		
Distance Between Pads	G1	5.60				
Distance Between Pads	G	0.62				

Notes:

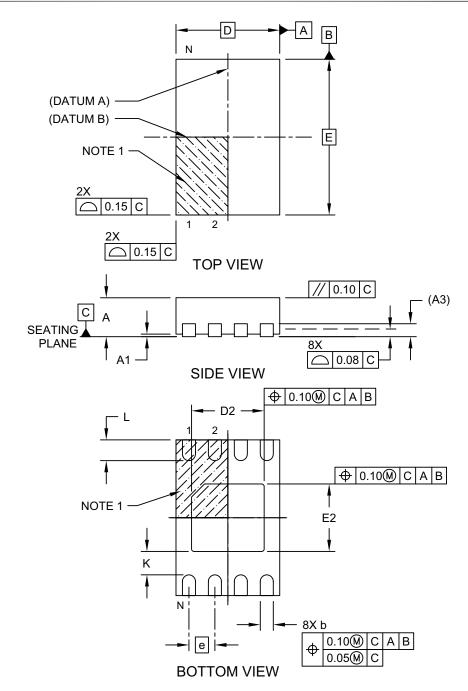
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2056C

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MN) – 2x3x0.8 mm Body [TDFN] With 1.4x1.3 mm Exposed Pad (JEDEC Package type WDFN)

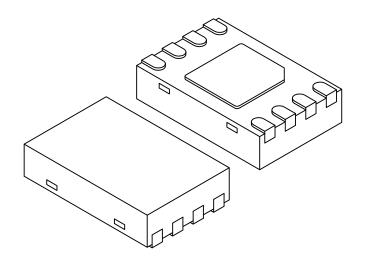
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-129-MN Rev E Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MN) – 2x3x0.8 mm Body [TDFN] With 1.4x1.3 mm Exposed Pad (JEDEC Package type WDFN)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		N	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins	N		8		
Pitch	е		0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	Α	0.70	0.75	0.80	
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	
Contact Thickness	A3	0.20 REF			
Overall Length	D	2.00 BSC			
Overall Width	E		3.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Length	D2	1.35	1.40	1.45	
Exposed Pad Width	E2	1.25	1.30	1.35	
Contact Width	b	0.20	0.25	0.30	
Contact Length	L	0.25	0.30	0.45	
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	-	-	

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.

2. Package may have one or more exposed tie bars at ends.

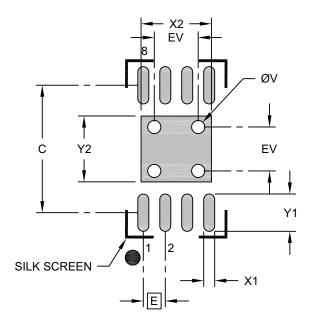
- 3. Package is saw singulated
- 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances. REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-129-MN Rev E Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MN) – 2x3x0.8 mm Body [TDFN] With 1.4x1.3 mm Exposed Pad (JEDEC Package type WDFN)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.50 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	X2			1.60
Optional Center Pad Length	Y2			1.50
Contact Pad Spacing	С		2.90	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.25
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			0.85
Thermal Via Diameter	V		0.30	
Thermal Via Pitch	EV		1.00	

Notes:

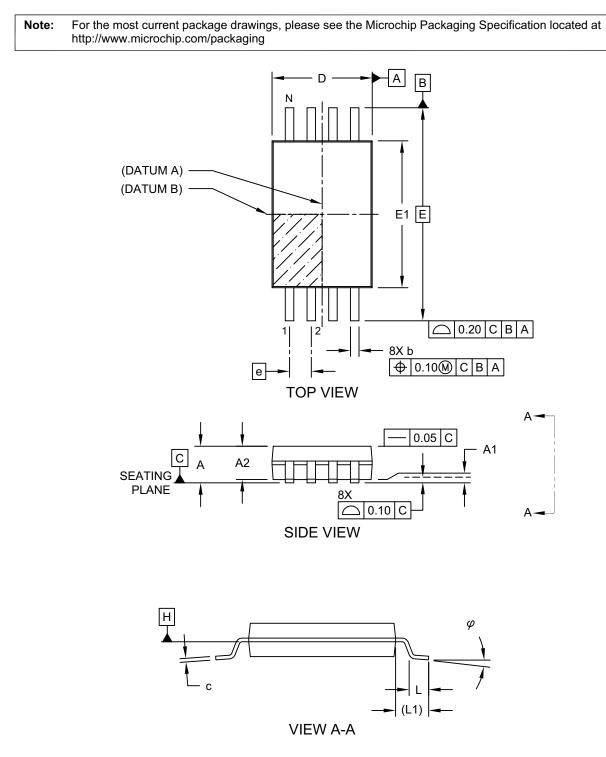
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-129-MN Rev. B

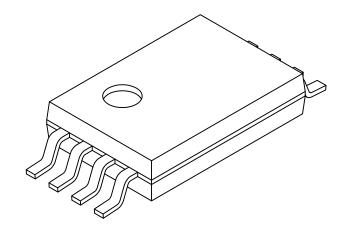
8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086 Rev C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	MILLIMETERS			
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	Ν		8	
Pitch	е		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	Α	-	-	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	-	-
Overall Width	E		6.40 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Overall Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Lead Thickness	С	0.09	-	0.25
Foot Angle	φ	0°	4°	8°
Lead Width	b	0.19	-	0.30

Notes:

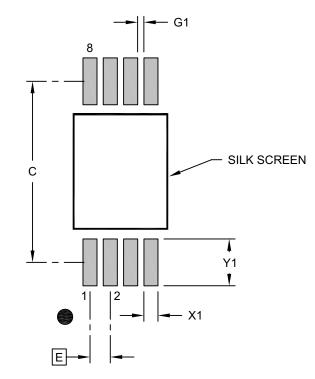
- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.20mm per side.
- 3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
 - BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086 Rev C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Contact Pitch	E	0.65 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	С		5.80	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.50
Contact Pad to Center Pad (X6)	G1	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2086 Rev B

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision U (11/2021)

Replaced terminology "Master" and "Slave" with "Host" and "Client" respectively; Added Automotive Product Identification System; Removed CSP product offering; Updated DFN, PDIP, SOIC and TSSOP package drawings.

Revision T (08/2019)

Updated Packaging; Updated content throughout for clarification.

Revision S (05/2010)

Added TDFN Package; Updated Package Drawings and Product ID.

Revision R (04/2009)

Updated Chip Scale package.

Revision Q (6/2008)

Updated packaging; Added Chip Scale package.

Revision P

Changed 1.8V to 1.7V throughout document; Revised Features Section; Replaced Package Drawings; Revised Product ID Section.

Revision N

Revised Sections 2.1, 2.4 and 6.3. Removed 14-Lead TSSOP Package.

Revision M

Added 1.8V 400 kHz option for 24FC128.

Revision L

Corrections to Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.

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PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (NON-AUTOMOTIVE)

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PART NO.	<u>×</u> (1)	¥	/ <u>XX</u>		mples:	
Device	Tape and R Option	eel Temperature Range	Package	a)	24AA128-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, PDIP package.	
	•				24AA128T-I/SN: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, SOIC package.	
2	24LC128 =	- ,	rial EEPROM	c)	24AA128-I/ST: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, TSSOP package.	
		1.7V, High-Speed, 128- EEPROM	-Kbit I ² C Serial	d)	24AA128-I/MS: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, MSOP package.	
Tape and Reel	ape and Reel Blank = Standard packaging (tube or tray)		e)	24LC128-E/P: Extended Temperature, 2.5V, PDIP package.		
Option:	т =	Tape and Reel ⁽¹⁾			24LC128-I/SN: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, SOIC package.	
Temperature Range:	-	-40°C to +85°C (Indu -40°C to +125°C (Exte	/	g)	24LC128T-I/SN: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, SOIC package.	
	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			24LC128-I/MS: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, MSOP package.	
Package:		 Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package 5x6x0.85 mm Body, 8-Lead (DFN-S) Plastic Micro Small Outline Package, 8-Lead (MSOP) 		i)	24LC128T-I/MNY: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temp., 2.5V, TDFN package.	
				j)	24FC128-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, High Speed, PDIP package. 24FC128-I/SN: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, High Speed, SOIC package.	
		8-Lead (PDIP)	tic Small Outline - Narrow, mm Body, 8-Lead (SOIC)			
		3.90 mm Body, 8-Lead			24FC128T-I/SN: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, High Speed, SOIC	
	SM = Plastic Small Outline - Medium, 5.28 mm Body, 8-Lead (SOIJ)			package		
		 Plastic Dual Flat, No L 2x3x0.8 mm Body, 8-L 	ead (TDFN)	Note	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
ST = Plastic Thin Shrink 4.4 mm, 8-Lead (TS		 Plastic Thin Shrink Sn 4.4 mm, 8-Lead (TSS) 	,		in the catalog part number description. This identifier is used for ordering purposes and is not printed on the device package. Check with your Microchip Sales Office for package availability with the Tape and Reel option.	

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (AUTOMOTIVE)

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PART NO.	<u>[X]</u> (1)	¥	<u>/xx</u>	<u>XXX</u> ^(2, 3)	Ex	cam	ples	:
Device	Tape and Reel Option	Temperature Range	Package	Variant	,	Αι 24	utom IAA1	28-E/MS16KVAO:Tape and Reel, otive Grade 1, 1.7V, MSOP Package. 28T-E/ST16KVAO:Tape and Reel,
Device:	24AA128 24LC128	= 1.7V, 128-Kt = 2.5V, 128-Kt	oit I ² C Serial	EEPROM	c) d)	24 Au 24	Automotive Grade 1, 1.7V, TSSOP Package. 24LC128T-I/SN16KVAO : Tape and Reel, Automotive Grade 3, 2.5V, SOIC Package. 24LC128T-E/SN16KVAO : Tape and Reel,	
Tape and Reel Option:	Blank T	Standard paTape and Re	ckaging (tube eel ⁽¹⁾	e or tray)	No	At ote		otive Grade 1, 2.5V, SOIC Package. Tape and Reel identifier only appears in the catalog part number
Temperature Range:	l E	= -40°C to +85 = -40°C to +12	· · ·	/				description. This identifier is used for ordering purposes and is not printed on the device package. Check with
Package:	MS SN	8-Lead (MS = Plastic Sma					2:	your Microchip Sales Office for package availability with the Tape and Reel option. The VAO/VXX automotive variants
	ST		Shrink Small ead (TSSOF	,				have been designed, manufactured, tested and qualified in accordance with AEC-Q100 requirements for
Variant ^(2,3) :	15KVAO 15KVXX 16KVAO 16KVXX	= Customer-S Process ⁽⁴⁾ = Standard Au	utomotive, 15 pecific Auton utomotive, 16 pecific Auton	K Process			3: 4:	automotive applications. For customers requesting a PPAP, a customer-specific part number will be generated and provided. A PPAP is not provided for VAO part numbers. Not recommended for new designs.

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